## Demographic and Social Indicator Trends Impacting North Dakota's Counties



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### Presentation **Objectives:**

- 1. To introduce the social indicators website ND Compass and other resources for county-level data.
- 2. To examine social indicator trends impacting counties across the state.





### ND Compass

### Compass gives everyone in our state

 policymakers, business and community leaders, concerned individuals who live and work here a common foundation to identify, understand, and act on quality of life issues that affect our communities.

.. Measuring progress. Inspiring action.

## Working to Change the Equation

From:

0 10 20 30

Good intentions +

No common base of information =

Inefficient decisions

To:

Good intentions +

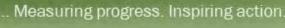
Sound, credible information +

Common sense of purpose =

Productive decisions for strong communities



www.ndcompass.org





## ND Compass www.ndcompass.org

- A one-stop social indicators website in North Dakota with tools to help access and interpret data.
  - > 12 topic areas → 39 key measures
  - More than 1,000 graphs and tables
    - Data by state, region, county, metro/micro areas, reservations
    - Data by race, ethnicity, gender, income, and more
    - Exportable for use in presentations
  - Additional resources in More Measures and Ideas at Work
  - Monthly guest columns providing analysis and commentary
  - Twitter feed and Facebook page with breaking data news
  - An e-library of recent publications, research-tested strategies

## A platform for data-driven decision making

- Data Helps:
  - Make informed decisions
    - Where to focus efforts
    - Where to allocate resources
  - Secure funding
    - Motivate supporters to act and contribute
    - Make a case to funding organizations
  - Determine if you are having the impact you seek
    - Tweak processes along the way if necessary

## Topic areas and key measures currently on ND Compass...

#### Aging

Disability ages 65+, median income, volunteerism older adults

#### Children & Youth

 Population trends, Connection to adults, Youth use of alcohol, Youth sexual activity

#### Civic Engagement

Voter turnout, Volunteerism

#### Demographics

Population, Age, Race, Disability

#### Disparities

Age, Gender, Income, Native American Reservation Area, Race

#### Early Childhood

 Low birth weight, Preschool enrollment, Children with working parents

#### Economy

Economic output (GDP), Jobs, Median income, Poverty

#### Education

 3<sup>rd</sup> grade reading scores, 8<sup>th</sup> grade math scores, High school graduation

#### Environment

Air quality

#### Health

 Diabetes, Obesity, Health care coverage, Mental health

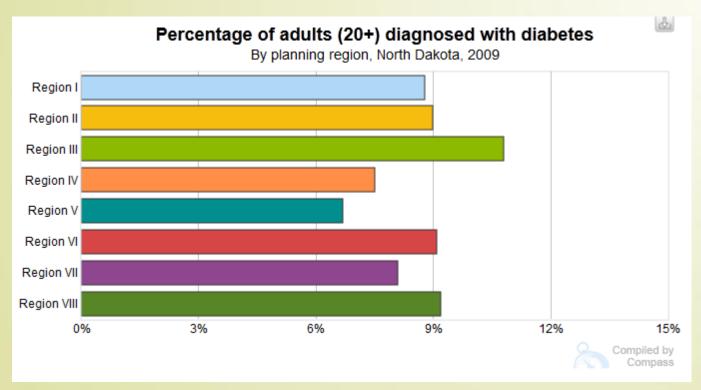
#### Housing

 Cost-burdened households, Homeownership rate, Homeless persons

#### Workforce

 Postsecondary degree completion, Educational attainment, Proportion of adults working

## Compass serves as a data curator and a discussion starter



- Engaging graphs, use in your own presentations
- Detailed and historical data in the "Data and notes" tables



## A Dynamic Site, Always Under Development

- Topics under development:
  - Public Safety
  - Transportation
- Toolkit under construction:
  - Community Building
- Geographic profiles
- Color scheme

- Data updates occur frequently
- New resources are continuously being added
- On-going Facebook posts and Tweets reflecting timely research and data
- New topics are explored every month in our columns and newsletter

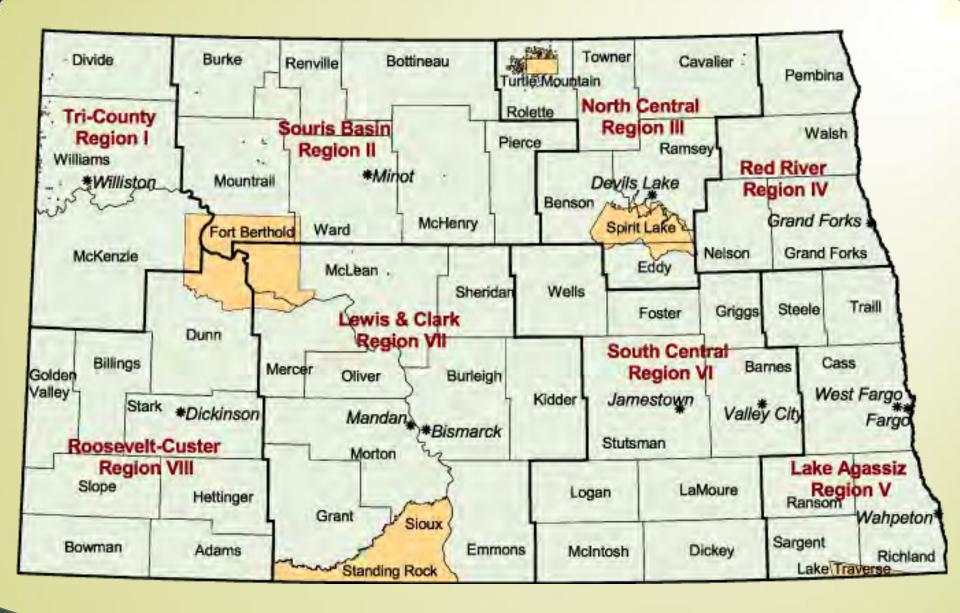


## Input from Stakeholders

- Steering Committee, Advisory Committee, Topic-Specific Technical Working Groups
  - ND Compass engages data users, community stakeholders, and funders to:
    - Assess relevancy of topics and key measures
      - > Reflect quality-of-life
      - Data availability
    - Suggest resources
    - > Help champion our site
- Partnership with Wilder Research which runs back-end of the Compass sites

## Current Funding Partners





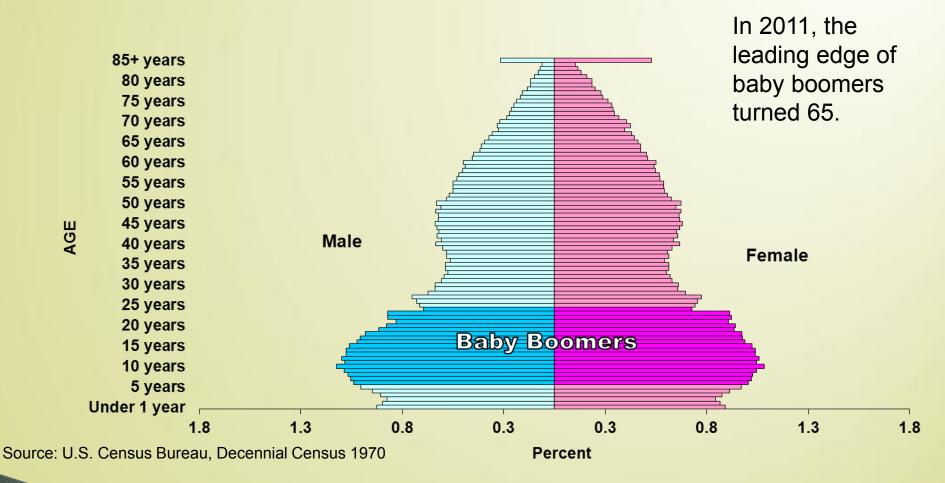
### Statewide Trends

Statewide dynamics that impact our counties

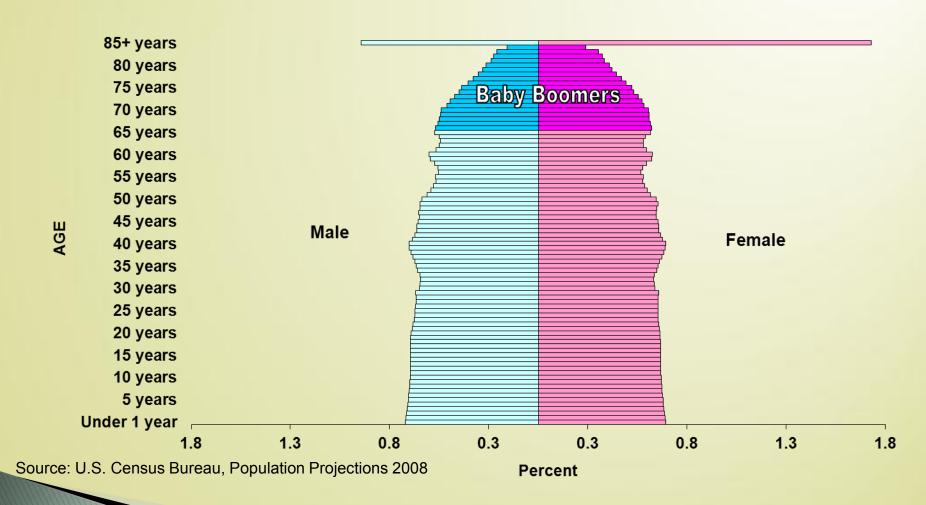
## The Shifting Demographic Landscape in North Dakota

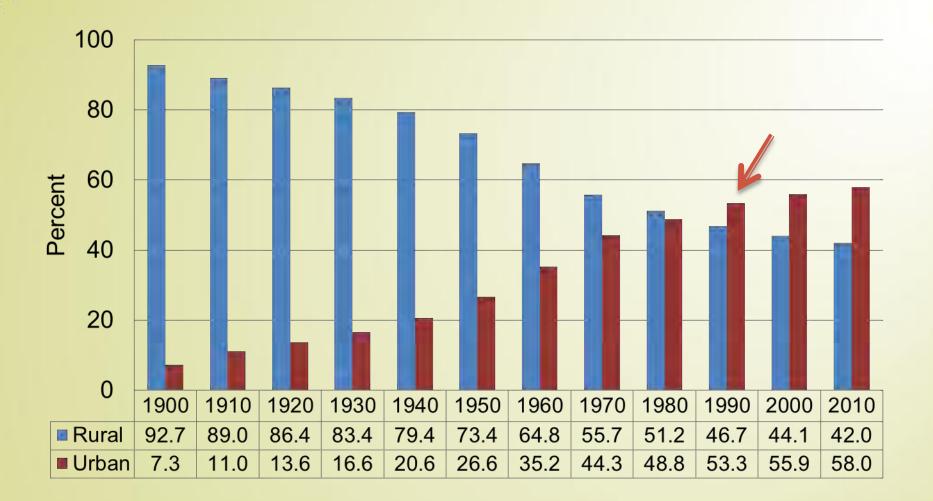
- Robust economic climate has created opportunities but also challenges for western ND
  - Strain on service delivery
  - Inflated housing demand (higher rents, higher property taxes)
  - Rising school enrollments
  - Dynamic population
- Shifting concentration of seniors
  - Aging of baby boomers
  - Population loss or mixed growth

## Population by Single Year of Age and Sex in the U.S.: 1970



## Population by Single Year of Age and Sex in the U.S.: 2030





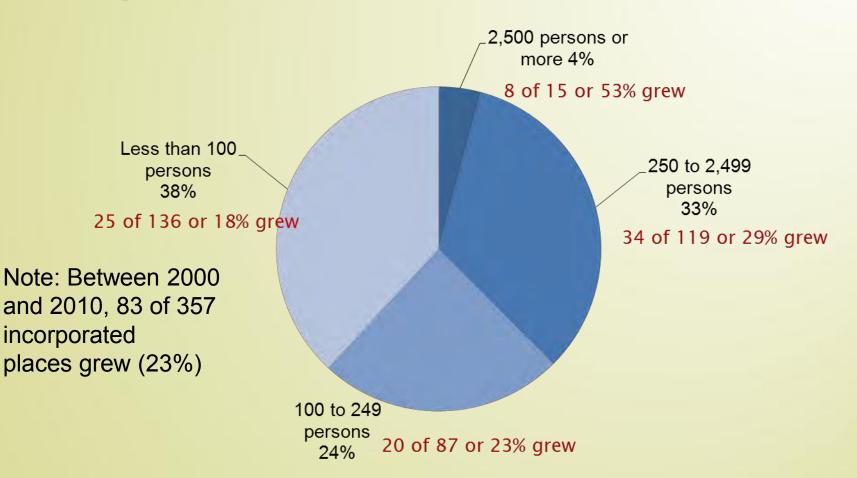
### ND Rural-Urban Population Distribution



More North Dakotans lived in urban areas (2,500+) by 1990. 223 (62%) of ND's 357 incorporated places are smaller than 250 people.

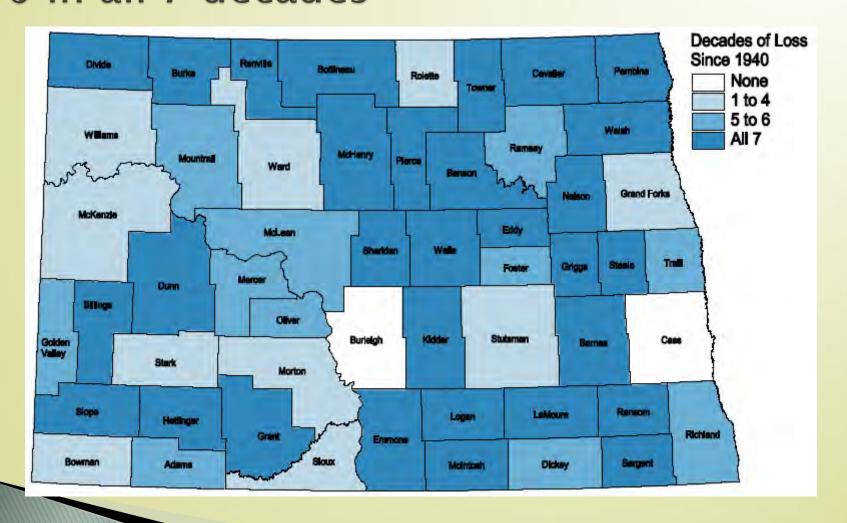
### City Size in North Dakota: 2010

% change 2000 to 2010 noted in red



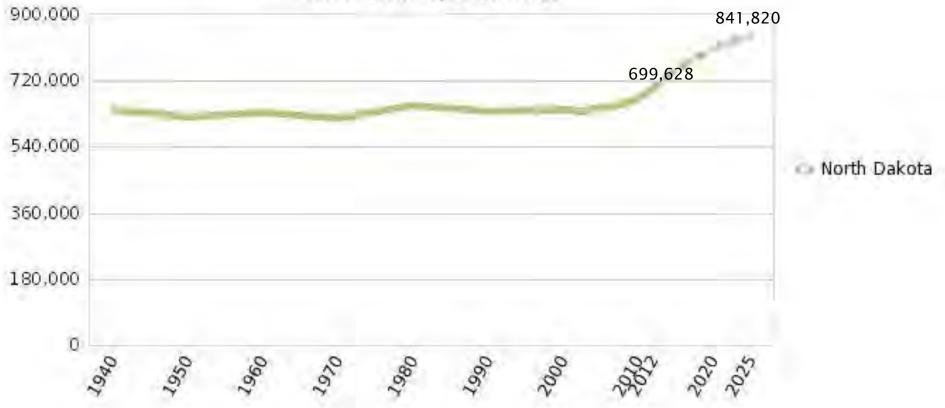
Note: Based on 357 incorporated cities Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2010

# All but 2 counties experienced population decline in at least one decade since 1940; 30 in all 7 decades



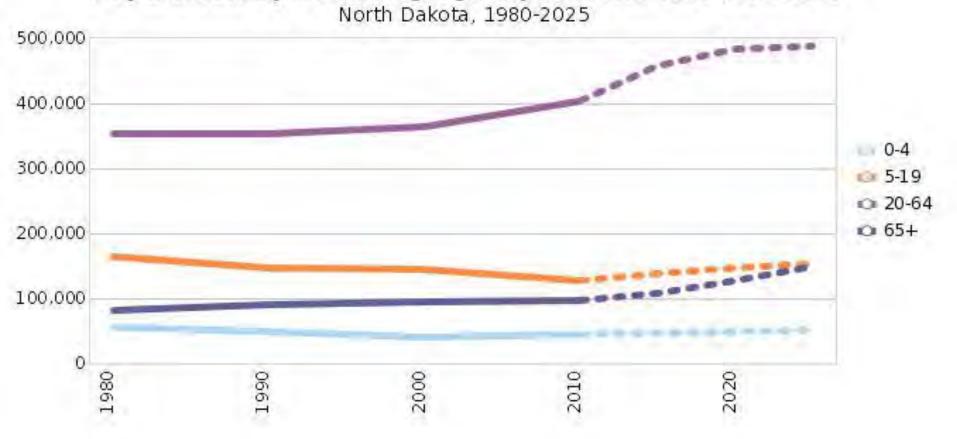
### Total population, trend and forecast





- ND reached a historic high in 2012 699,628.
  - Previous peak was in 1930 at 680,845.
  - Projected to reach 841,820 by 2025.

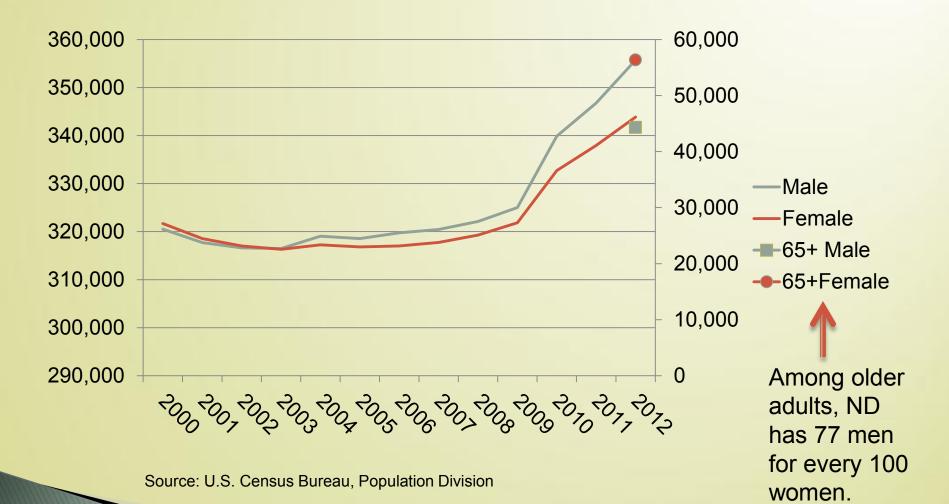
#### Population by select age groups, trend and forecast

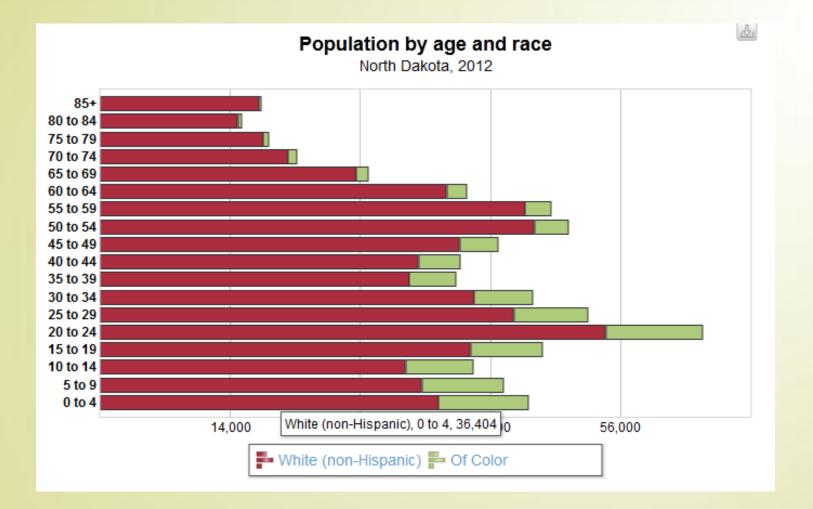


- Growth in working age pop corresponds to small growth in # of children.
- Growing #, % of elderly: in ND, 12% in 1980, projected to reach 18% by 2025.

### Gender Distribution in ND

In the Fargo metro area, in contrast, the overall gender ratio is 50/50.





### Population Diversity

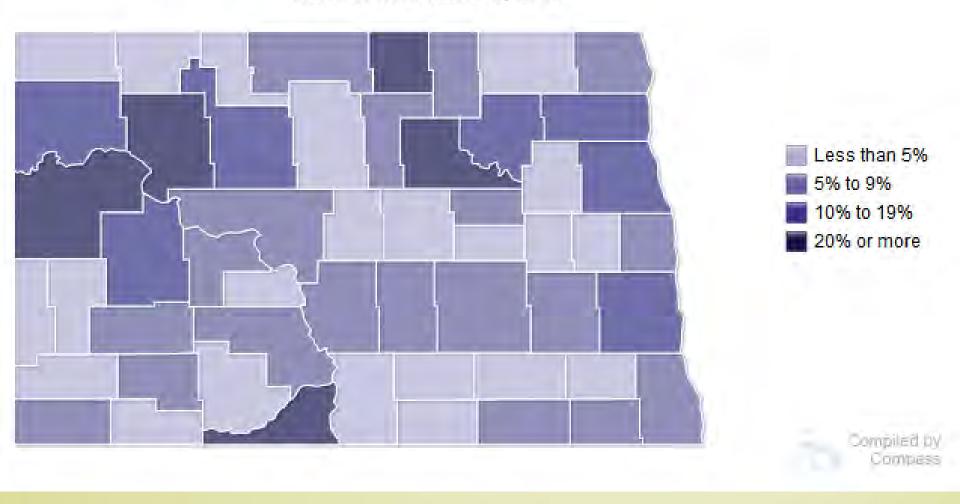


Diversity is increasing, with much larger numbers/proportions of Of Color residents in the younger age groups.

### Persons of Color as a percent of the population

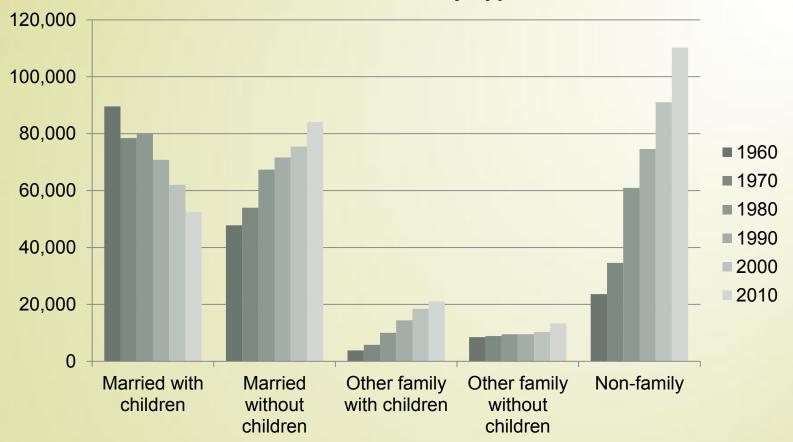
0

North Dakota counties, 2012

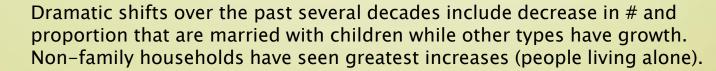


Proportion of the population in counties that is "of color" ranges from less than 1.7% to 86.6% or more

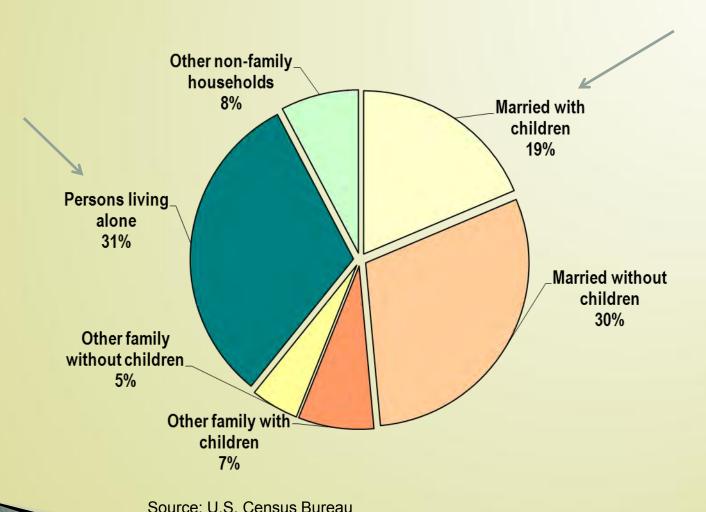
#### ND Households by Type



### Households by Type

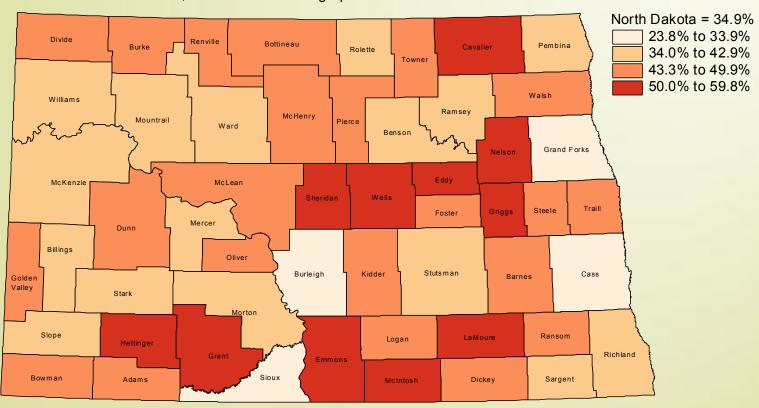


### Household Types in North Dakota: 2010



## % of Single-Person Households that are Seniors 65+: 2010

Of Householders Living Alone, Percent Age 65 Plus in North Dakota by County: 2010 Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census Demographic Profile



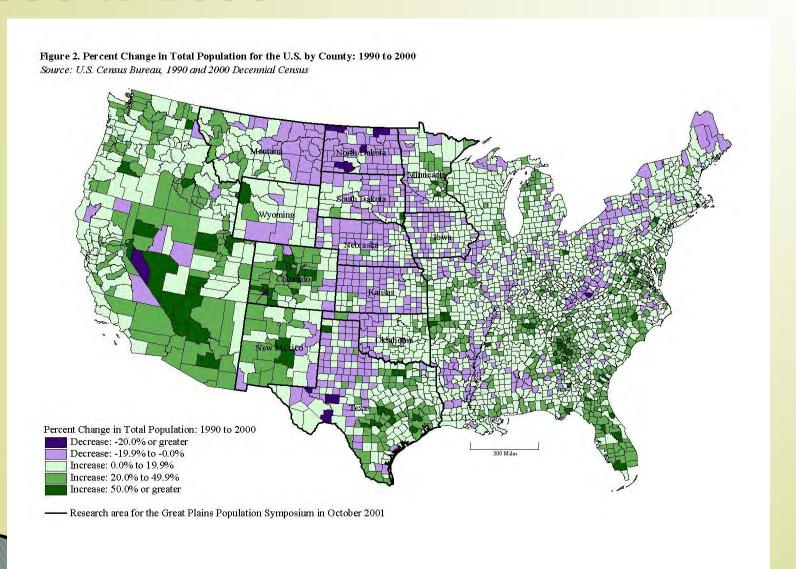
### Local context

Strengths and opportunities

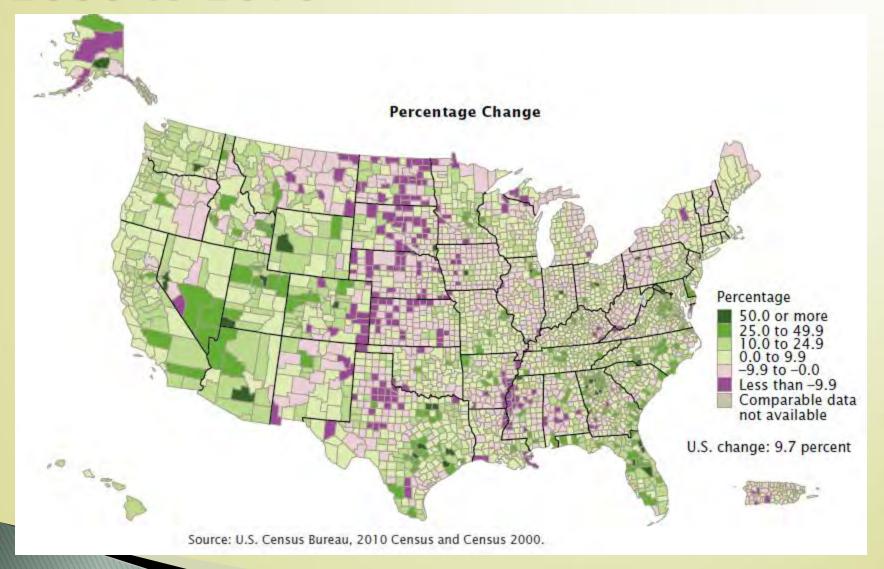
### Social indicators relating to:

- Population trends
- Health trends
- Aging population
- Housing
- Working parents and need for child care
- School preparedness and outcomes

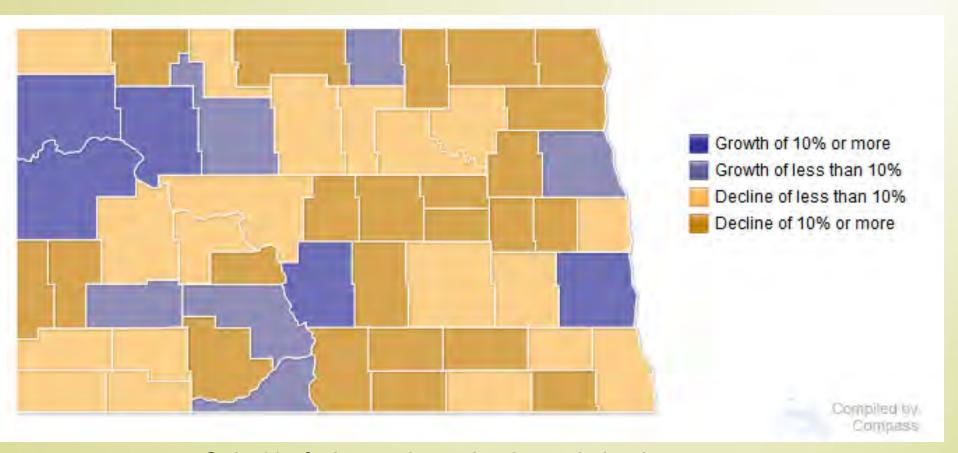
## Percent Change in Population: 1990 to 2000



## Percent Change in Population: 2000 to 2010

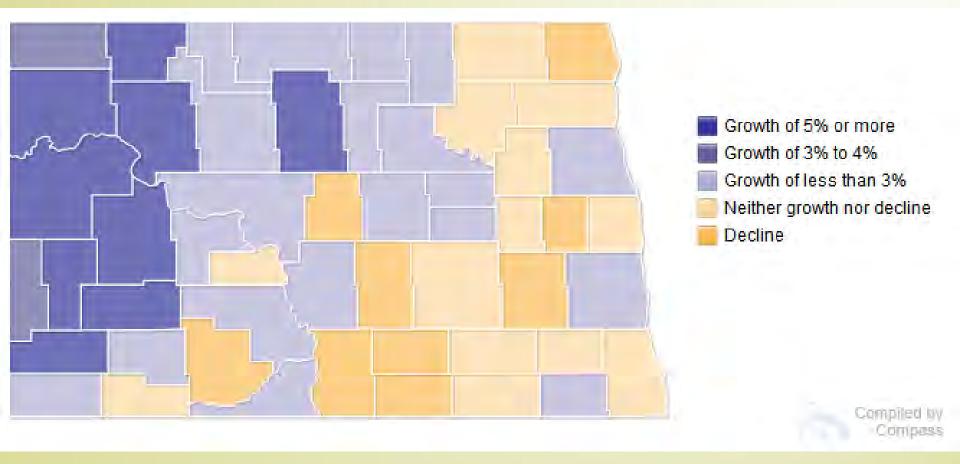


## Percent Change in Population: 2000 to 2010



 Only 11 of 53 counties gained population between 2000 - 2010

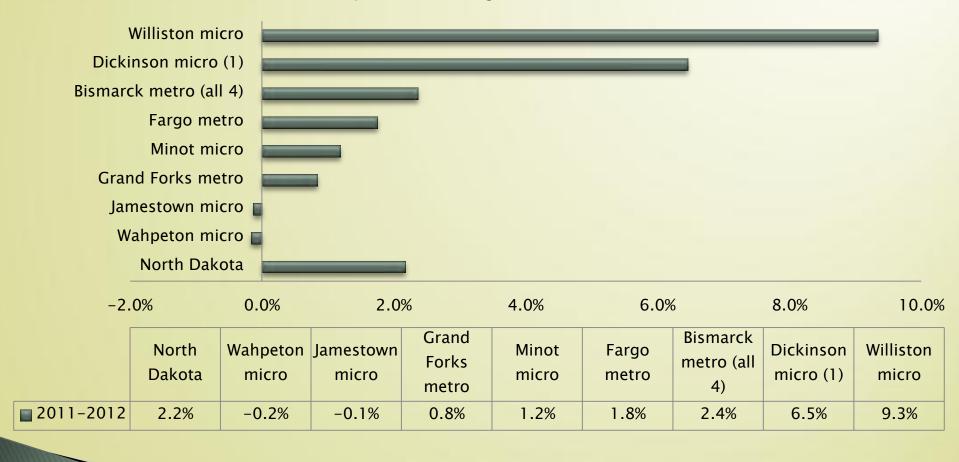
## % Change in Population: 2011–2012



- ND's population grew 2.2% from 2011 to 2012, the fastest growth among all states; 38 of 53 ND counties gained population from 2011 to 2012.
- Population loss still a reality for many counties.

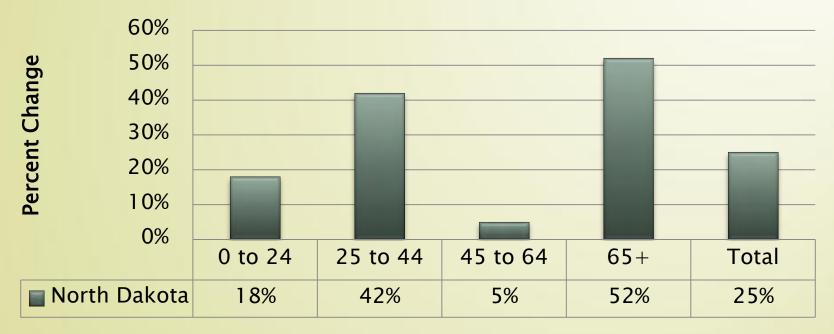
## 6 of 8 metro/micro areas are growing; overall growth of 2.2%

Population Change, 2011-2012

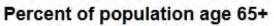


### Population Projected to Increase

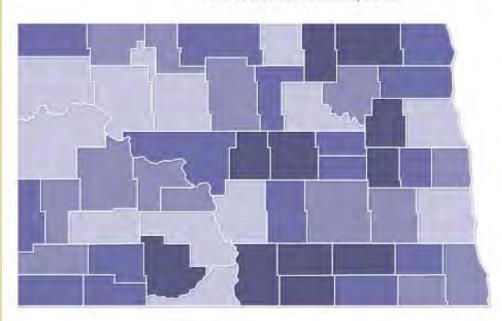
#### Percent Change in Population by Age, 2010 to 2025

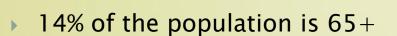


Increases in other age groups (largely due to oil boom) lessening "graying of ND" that once seemed inevitable.

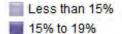


North Dakota counties, 2012





As high as 33% in McIntosh County



20% to 24%

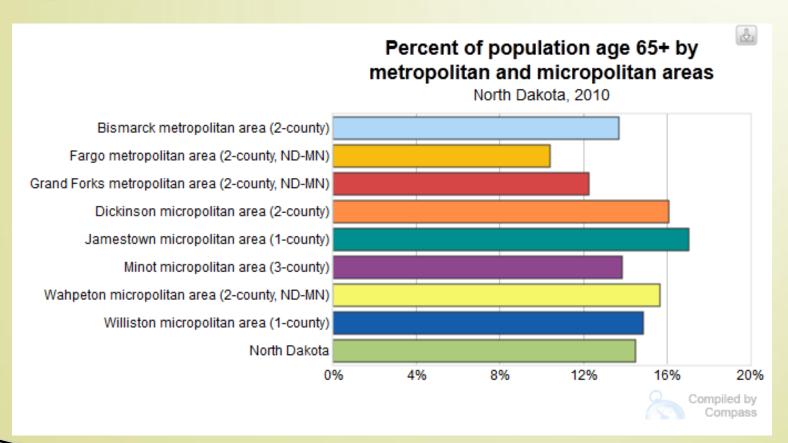
25% or higher

#### Percent of population age 65+

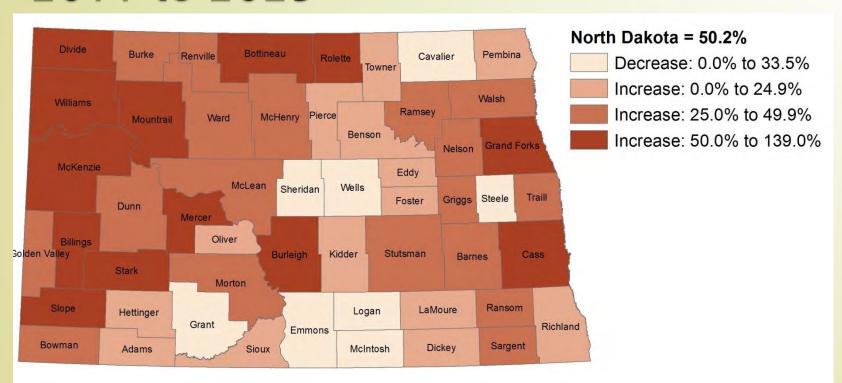
Rank of counties, North Dakota, 2012

Rank	County (1=greatest proportion age 65+)	2012
1	McIntosh	33.3%
2	Sheridan	30.6%
3	Griggs	27.7%
4	Grant	27.6%
5	Wells	27.5%
6	Emmons	27.3%
7	Logan	27.3%
8	Nelson	27.2%
9	Cavalier	25.7%
10	LaMoure	25.0%

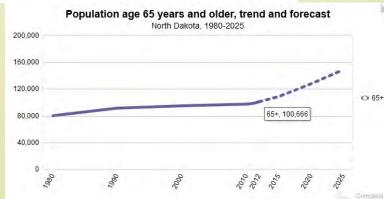
# Fargo metro has smallest *proportion* of seniors (10.4%) but largest *number* (21,628)



# Projected Percent Change in Ages 65+: 2011 to 2025

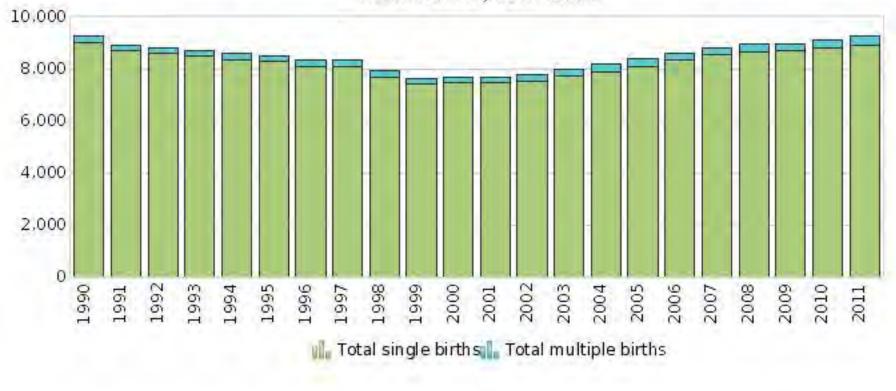


- Increases in age groups (largely due to oil boom) lessening the "graying of ND"
- # of older adults in ND is expected to increase 50%.\*



#### Total babies born by single and multiple births

North Dakota, 1990-2011



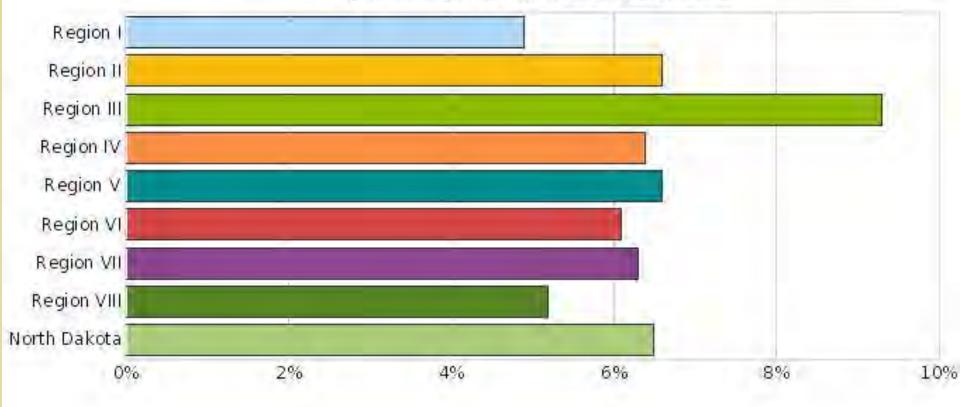
# of births reached 9,234 in 2011, up from low of 7,635 in 1999.





#### Babies born at low birth weight (all births)

By planning region, North Dakota, 2011



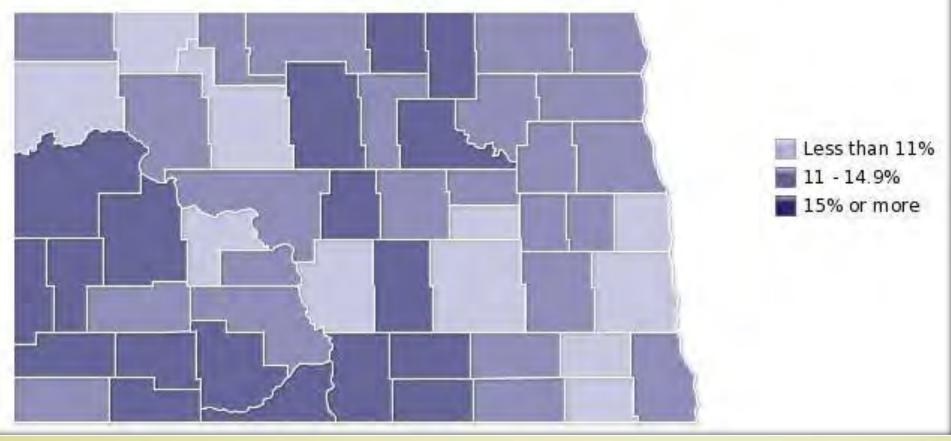
### Low Birth Weight by Planning Region



6.5% of all births statewide; 9.3% in Region 3, 4.9% in Region 1

#### Residents under age 65 without health insurance

By county, North Dakota, 2010



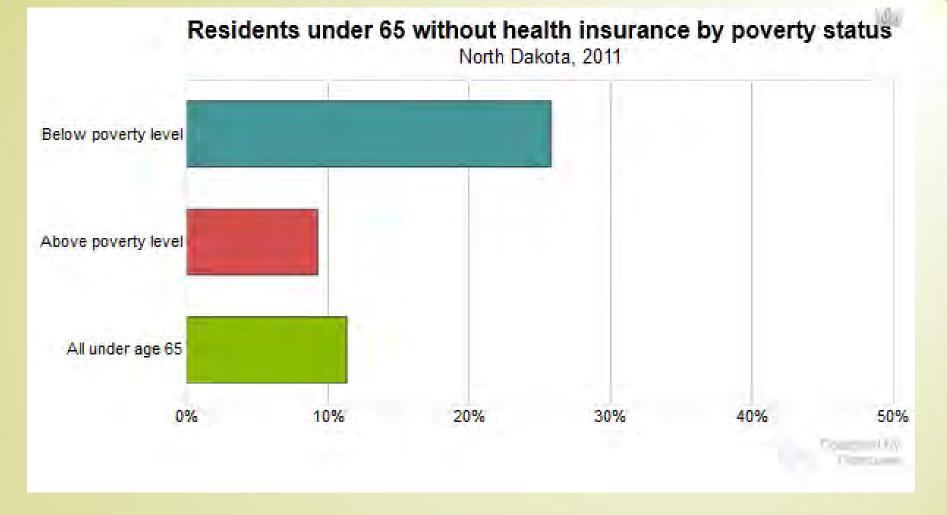
### Uninsured by County (Under 65)



At least 1 in 5: Grant (26%), Logan, Sheridan, Slope

Access is an issue: 35% of all North Dakotans live in a primary health-care

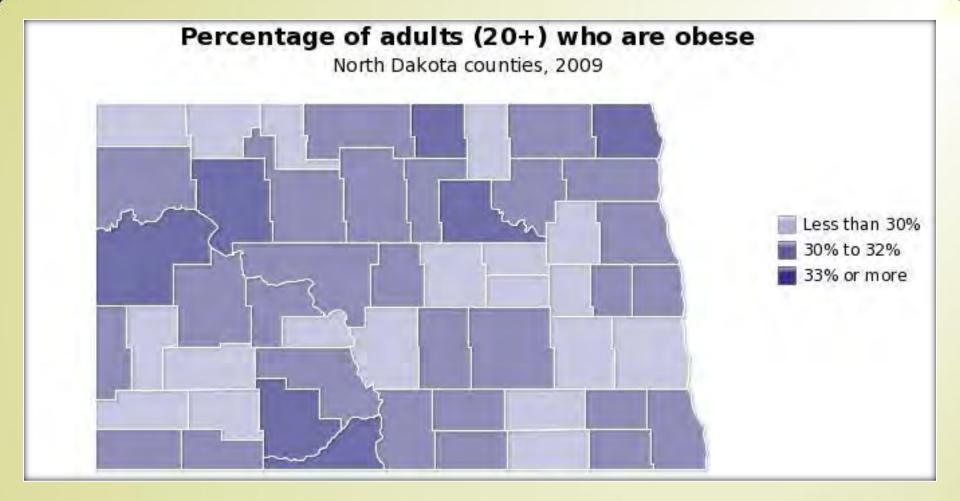
professional shortage area.\*



### Uninsured by Poverty Status (Under 65)



Rate ~3x higher for those below poverty level than those above it (26% vs. 9%)



### Obesity by County

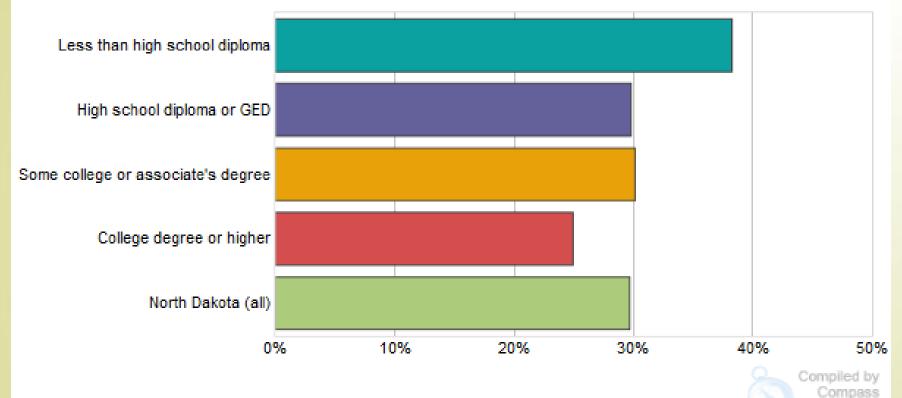
Darkest purple = counties in which 1 in 3 adults is OBESE.

Can see some geographic patterns in areas with Native American Reservations.



#### Adults who are obese by educational attainment

North Dakota, 2012



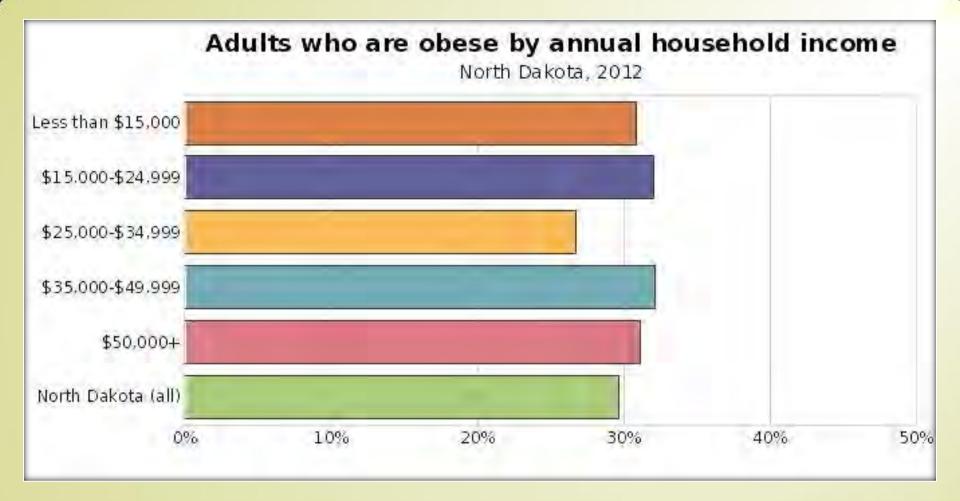
### Obesity by Educational Attainment



(Note, on website, graphs are dynamic and MOEs are provided where available.)

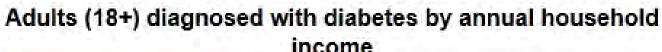
30% of North Dakotans are considered OBESE.

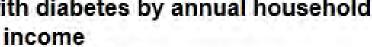
Rates higher with lower education levels.



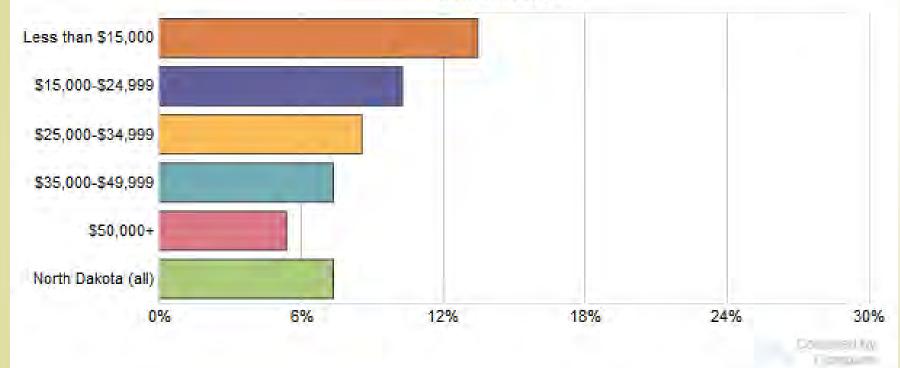


Obesity rates are high across all income groups.





North Dakota, 2010



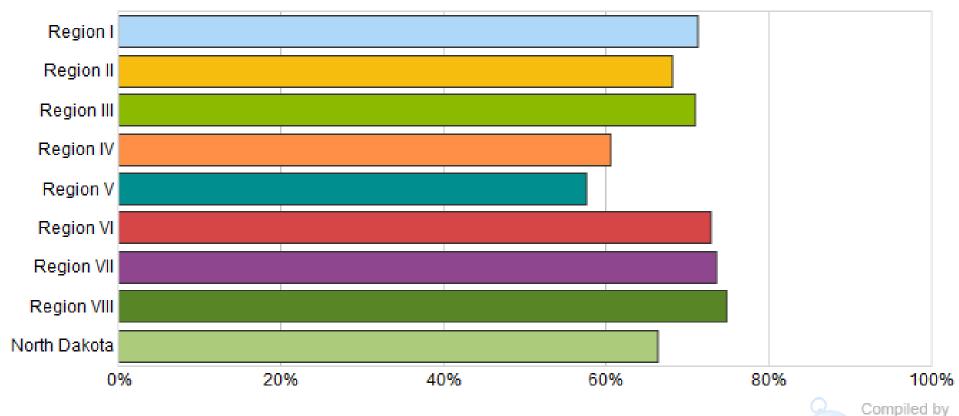
### Diabetes by Income



Much higher prevalence among lower income groups.

#### Homeownership rate

By planning region, North Dakota, 2007-2011



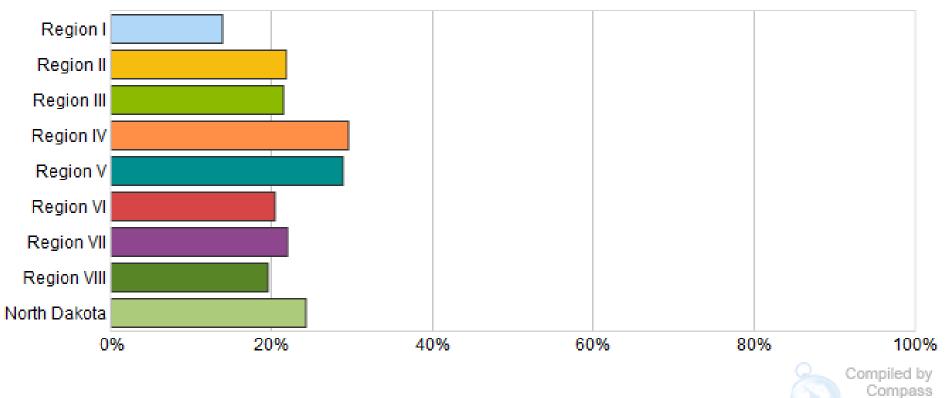
- 1 in 3 households owns their home (67%)
- Rates are as low as 58% in Region V

Compass



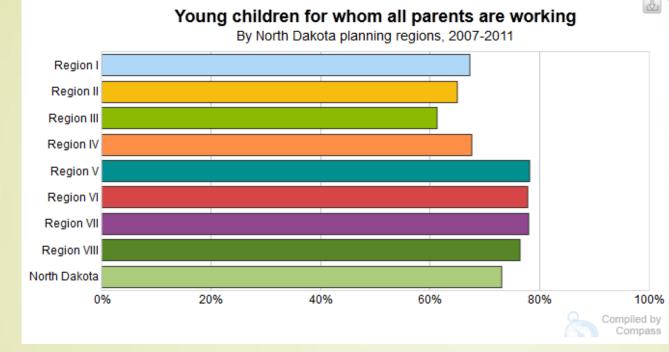
## Share of households paying 30% or more of their income for housing

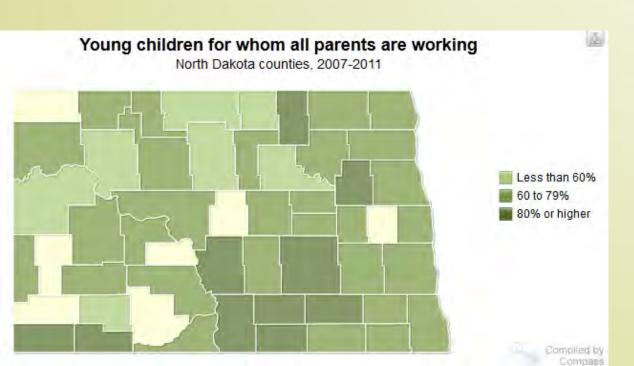
By planning region, North Dakota, 2007-2011



- 1 in 4 households is cost-burdened (24%)
- Burden varies across state = as high as 30% in Region IV

High proportions of workers across the state (including women with young children – among the highest rates in the country at 74%; US average is 65%)

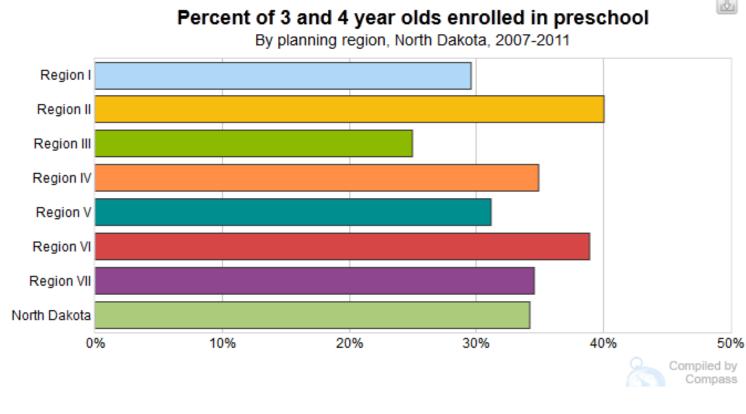




#### Annual Cost of Licensed Child Care<sup>2</sup>

	Family and	d Group	Center		
Age of Child	<u>Average</u> <u></u>	lighest Rate	<u>Average</u>	<b>Highest Rate</b>	
Ages 0 to 17 months	\$6,455	\$16,380	\$8,066	\$15,093	
18 to 35 months	\$6,285	\$14,040	\$7,705	\$14,625	
Ages 3 to 5	\$6,158	\$11,700	\$7,158	\$13,923	

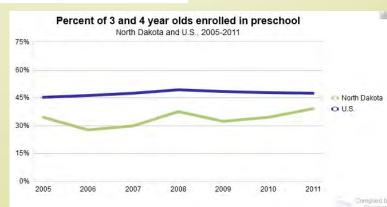
Average annual cost of sending an infant to a center-based licensed child care facility in North Dakota in 2012 = \$8,066



#### Notes:

The estimates shown here are based on data collected between 2007 and 2011, and therefore they describe the average characteristics for that 5-year time period. A reliable estimate of preschool enrollment was not available for Region VIII over this time period.

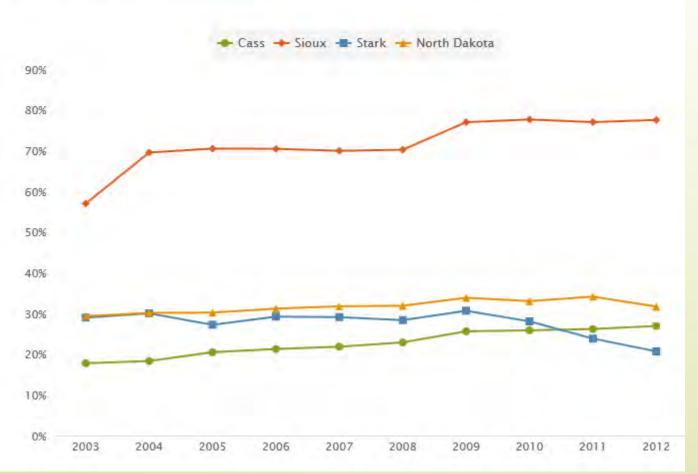
% of children in preschool varies widely, but is lower than national average



#### Children Receiving Free Or Reduced Price Lunch

Year(s): 10 selected | Data Type: Percent

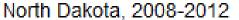
Data Provided by: North Dakota KIDS COUNT

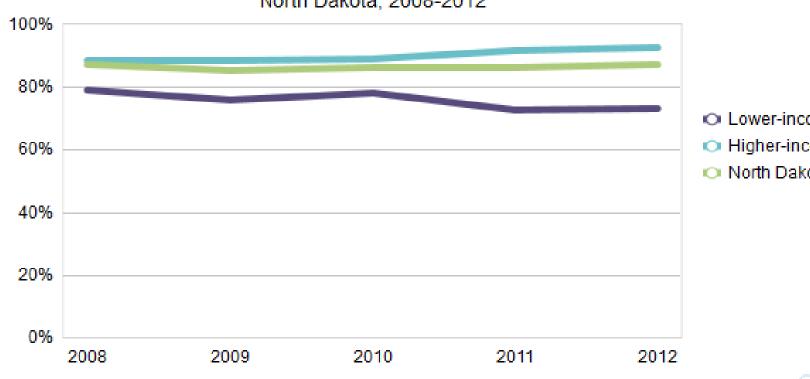


Nearly 1 in 3 ND school children participate in school lunch program (32%). Trend varies across the state; steady growth in Cass County, decline in Stark County, persistent high rates in reservation counties

#### High school students graduating on time by income







- Lower-income students
- Higher-income students
- North Dakota (all)



Higher-income students graduate on time at higher rate (93%) than lower-income students (73%)

# 23% of ND high school grads met ACT college benchmark scores in all 4 subject areas in 2012

Test became mandatory for juniors in ND



Location	Category	Data Type	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
North Dakota	College English	Percent	71.0%	70.0%	71.0%	63.0%	64.0%
	College Math	Percent	48.3%	47.0%	48.0%	43.0%	45.0%
	College Reading	Percent	56.3%	57.0%	56.0%	48.0%	49.0%
	College Science	Percent	30.7%	31.0%	31.0%	26.0%	30.0%
	All Four Subject Areas	Percent	23.7%	24.0%	24.0%	21.0%	23.0%

# Exploring county-level data

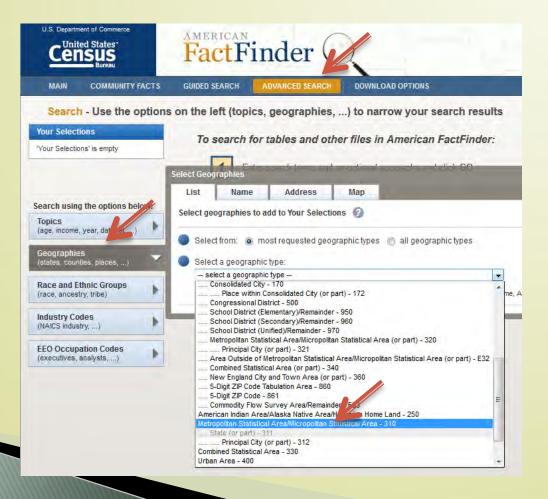
Lots of resources from ND Compass Key Measures and More Measures

# A key data source: U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey (ACS)

- Purpose = measure changing social and economic characteristics of the U.S. population.
- Uses monthly samples to produce annually updated data for small areas (census tracts and block groups) formerly surveyed via decennial census long-form sample.
  - Strength: No longer have to wait 10 years for new data!
- 5 years of samples are required to produce small-area data.
  - Challenge: Big events are part of a 5-year cumulative sample mutes big ups/downs, also a bit of a lag
  - Challenge: ACS also produces 3-year and 1-year data products for larger geographic areas; want to compare apples-to-apples
- The ACS includes people living in both housing units (HUs) and group quarters (GQs).

# Resources for county-level data: Census Bureau (currently unavailable)

- Census Bureau (Pop Estimates, ACS)
  - factfinder2.census.gov



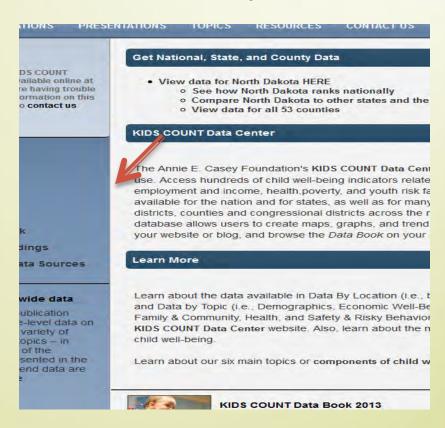
## Resources for county-level data: KIDS COUNT

- **KIDS COUNT** 
  - datacenter.kidscount.org



#### www.ndkidscount.org/data.html -

-> 2013 Fact Book just released



# Resources for county-level data: County Health Rankings

- County Health Rankings
  - http://www.countyhealthrankings.org/



# Additional resources for county-level data

- ChildCare Aware of ND (formerly CCR&R)
  - http://www.ndchildcare.org/data-pub/
- 2012 ND Housing Needs Assessment
  - http://www.ndhfa.org/Default.asp?nMenu=01450
- Sources of data while government resources are shutdown:
  - http://mcdc.missouri.edu/
  - https://www.nhgis.org/
  - http://www.ipums.org/



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Measuring progress. Inspiring action.

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